## FUNCTION RULE POLYGON ACTIVITY (\# OF DIAGONALS)

1) Fill-in the table below. It may help to draw a picture of the polygon to find the number of diagonals.

| Type of Polygon | Number of Sides | Number of Vertices | Number of Diagonals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Triangle |  |  |  |
| Quadrilateral |  |  |  |
| Pentagon |  |  |  |
| Hexagon |  |  |  |
| Heptagon |  |  |  |
| Octagon |  |  |  |
| Nonagon |  |  |  |
| Decagon |  |  |  |

2) Create the function rule $D(v)$ to find the total number of diagonals depending upon the number of vertices of a polygon. Use the table on the back of this sheet to help you organize the information at creating the function rule.

Let $\mathbf{v}=$ Number of vertices in a polygon
$D(v)=$ Total \# of diagonals in a polygon of $v$ vertices.
3) Calculate the number of diagonals if a polygon has 100 vertices. Show your work by using the function rule you found from \#2.

| \# of Vertices | \# of Diagonals <br> Per Vertex | Total \# of Diagonals <br> (No Duplicates) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

