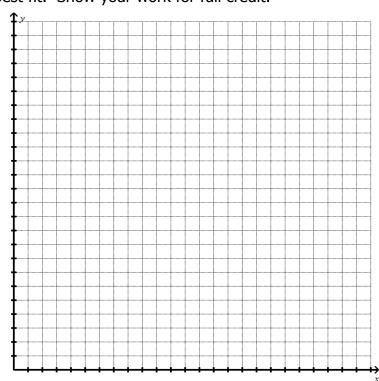
## **More Practice – Scatter Plots**

The table below represents the relationship between the number of minutes a player played in a basketball game and the number of points that they scored.

- 1. Make a scatter plot and label each axis.
- 2. Label the scale on the x-axis going by two and the y-axis going by one.
- 3. Draw the line of best fit. Have about the same number of points above and below it.
- 4. Create an equation for your line of best fit. Show your work for full credit.

| X<br>Time | Y<br># of<br>points |
|-----------|---------------------|
| 37        | 22                  |
| 0         | 0                   |
| 10        | 4                   |
| 6         | 2                   |
| 32        | 10                  |
| 15        | 4                   |
| 34        | 15                  |
| 20        | 4                   |
| 4         | 1                   |
| 33        | 8                   |
| 30        | 9                   |
| 16        | 3                   |



Slope: <u>y-intercept:</u> <u>Equation</u>:

| 1. | Distinguish the meaning of the slope in this context.   |
|----|---|
|    |   |
| 2. | Distinguish the meaning of the y-intercept in this context.   |
|    |   |
|    |   |
| 3. | Use your equation of your line of best fit to predict how many points a player would make if they had 60 minutes of playing time? Show your work for full credit! |
|    |   |
| 4. | Use your equation of your line of best fit to predict the minutes a player would have played if they had 25 points? Show your work for full credit!               |
|    |   |